LECTURE / DISCUSSION / DEBATE CONSERVATISM

Terms and concepts to know:

Conservatism
Laissez-faire conservatism (economic)
Edmund Burke / Reflections...
David Hume
Kirk / The Conservative Mind
Michael Oakeshott
Leo Strauss and neoconservatism

Traditional conservatism (social)

Noblesse oblige

Evolutionary vs. revolutionary

Reason and observation

Lippman / The Public Philosophy

Same-sex marriage

Study and discussion questions:

- 1. Discuss the various forms of conservatism and how the American hybrid developed from Europe. Examine the concept of *noblesse oblige* and discuss why it did not take root in the U.S.
- 2. Examine the philosophy of Edmund Burke and debate the advantages of accepting evolutionary change as opposed to revolutionary. Do you believe that "change should be gradual and consistent with a nation's past"?
- 3. Discuss Kirk's "ten tenets of traditional conservatism." Which of the ten do you find legitimate? Are there any that you find "too conservative"?
- 4. Van Maren (citing Camosy) suggests that "...the Democrats seem to be becoming the party supported by elite money, elite ideology, and Big Tech. The GOP, by contrast, seems to be becoming the party of populism and the working class." If he's right, is this a good or bad thing for the U.S.?
- 5. If conservatives are skeptical about reason how can they criticize society?
- 6. Under what circumstances should people attempt to overturn the existing political system?
- 7. Describe what Roberts perceives as the 'neoconservative threat to IR. Do you agree with his interpretation?
- 8. Is compassion a necessary trait for a conservative? How would you analyze Olmstead's concerns? Do you agree with his position? Why or why not?

Readings:

Hoffman and Graham: Chapter 9 and WEB.

Video:

Thomas Sowell: Dismantling America.